

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

### **LISTING OF CLAIMS**

1. (Currently Amended) A composite structure subassembly comprising:  
~~a curvilinear sheet metal portion comprising a material, said material capable of being one of superplastically deformed or quick plastically deformed, said curvilinear sheet metal portion; and~~  
~~a metal foam precursor comprising a mixture of metal powder and a blowing agent disposed on said curvilinear sheet metal, said precursor being applied prior to said one of superplastic or quick plastic deforming.~~
2. (Currently Amended) The composite subassembly of Claim 1, wherein said metal powder is ~~a-an~~ alloy metal powder alloy.
3. (Cancelled)
4. (Original) The composite subassembly of Claim 1, wherein said sheet metal portion comprises aluminum.
5. (Original) The composite subassembly of Claim 2, wherein said sheet metal portion comprises aluminum.

6. (Currently Amended) A composite structure comprising:  
a first curvilinear sheet metal portion formed of a material, said material  
~~capable of being one of superplastically deformed or quick plastically deformed; and~~  
a metal foam portion fused to a surface of said curvilinear sheet metal  
portion, said metal foam portion being fused to said surface prior to said one of  
superplastic or quick plastic deforming.

7. (Original) The composite structure of Claim 6, wherein said metal foam  
comprises an aluminum alloy.

8. (Original) The composite structure of Claim 6, wherein said metal foam  
comprises a plurality of solid metallic microphases.

9. (Original) The composite structure of Claim 6, wherein said sheet metal  
portion comprises aluminum.

10. (Original) The composite structure of Claim 6 further comprising a second  
curvilinear sheet metal portion fused to a surface of the metal foam portion.

11. (Currently Amended) A method for making a composite structure  
comprising:

providing a first sheet metal layer comprising a superplastically formable  
material;

adhering a metal foam precursor layer to said first sheet metal layer to form a precursor structure, said precursor layer comprising a mixture of metal powder and a blowing agent;

heating said precursor structure to a temperature sufficient for superplastic forming;

applying hydrostatic pressure to one side of said superplastically deformable material;

superplastically forming said precursor structure after adhering said metal foam precursor layer; and

heating said formed precursor structure to a foaming temperature sufficient to foam said metal foam precursor portion and to fuse the resultant metallic foam to said first sheet metal layer.

12. (Original) The method of Claim 11, wherein said metal powder comprises a metal powder alloy.

13. (Original) The method of Claim 11, wherein said first sheet metal comprises a superplastically formable material.

14. (Original) The method of Claim 12, wherein said first sheet metal portion comprises aluminum.

15. (Cancelled)

16. (Original) The method according to Claim 12 further comprising coupling a second sheet metal layer to the foam precursor.

17. (Currently Amended) A method for making energy absorbing padding for use in vehicles, comprising:

providing a first aluminum sheet metal having a perimeter profile, an upper surface and a lower surface;

adhering a metal foam precursor portion to a surface of said foam sheet to form a first energy absorbing precursor structure, said foam precursor portion comprising a mixture of aluminum powder and a blowing agent of TiH<sub>2</sub>;

adhering a second aluminum sheet metal to said metal foam precursor portion to form a second energy absorbing precursor structure;

heating said second precursor structure to between about 450 degrees C and about 600 degrees C;

applying gas pressure to said second energy absorbing precursor structure so as to superplastically form said energy absorbing precursor structure to a desired curvilinear shape;

heating said precursor structure to a foaming temperature sufficient to foam said metal foam precursor; and

sustaining the temperature of said precursor structure at foaming temperature for a time sufficient to foam said metal foam precursor portion into a desired shape and to fuse the resultant metallic foam to both said first and said second aluminum metal sheets;

wherein said step of applying gas pressure to said second energy  
absorbing precursor is after said step of adhering a metal foam precursor portion.